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Subsection:	Antineopla	stic Agents	Original Policy Date:	January 6, 2023	
Subject:	Krazati		Page:	1 of 4	
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Krazati

Description

Krazati (adagrasib)

Background

Krazati (adagrasib) is an irreversible inhibitor of KRAS G12C that covalently binds to the mutant cysteine in KRAS G12C and locks the mutant KRAS protein in its inactive state and prevents downstream signaling without affecting wild-type KRAS protein. Krazati inhibits tumor cell growth and viability in cells harboring KRAS G12C mutations and results in tumor regression in KRAS G12C-mutated tumor xenograft models with minimal off-target activity (1).

Regulatory Status

FDA-approved indications: Krazati is an inhibitor of the RAS GTPase family indicated for: (1)

- As a single agent, for the treatment of adult patients with KRAS G12C-mutated locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), as determined by an FDA-approved test, who have received at least one prior systemic therapy.
- In combination with cetuximab, for the treatment of adult patients with KRAS G12Cmutated locally advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer (CRC), as determined by an FDA-approved test, who have received prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy.

Krazati has warnings regarding gastrointestinal adverse reaction, QTc interval prolongation, hepatotoxicity, and interstitial lung disease (ILD)/pneumonitis. Liver function tests (ALT, AST, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin) should be monitored prior to the start of Krazati and monthly for 3 months or as clinically indicated (1).

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2025
Subsection:	Antineoplastic Agents	Original Policy Date:	January 6, 2023
Subject:	Krazati	Page:	2 of 4

The safety and effectiveness of Krazati in pediatric patients less than 18 years of age have not been established (1).

Related policies		
Lumakras		
Policy		

This policy statement applies to clinical review performed for pre-service (Prior Approval, Precertification, Advanced Benefit Determination, etc.) and/or post-service claims.

Krazati may be considered medically necessary if the conditions indicated below are met.

Krazati may be considered investigational for all other indications.

Prior-Approval Requirements

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

- 1. Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)
 - a. Used as a single agent
 - b. Patient has received at least one prior systemic therapy
- 2. Locally advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer (CRC)
 - a. Used in combination with Erbitux (cetuximab)
 - b. Patient has received prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy

AND ALL of the following for **ALL** indications:

- 1. Presence of KRAS G12C mutation as determined by an FDA-approved test
- 2. Prescriber agrees to monitor AST, ALT, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
- 3. Prescriber agrees to monitor for QTc prolongation as clinically indicated

Prior – Approval Renewal Requirements

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2025
Subsection:	Antineoplastic Agents	Original Policy Date:	January 6, 2023
Subject:	Krazati	Page:	3 of 4

Age 18 years of age or older

Diagnoses

Patient must have **ONE** of the following:

- Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

 Used as a single agent
- 2. Locally advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer (CRC)
 - a. Used in combination with Erbitux (cetuximab)

AND ALL of the following for **ALL** indications:

- 1. NO disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
- 2. Prescriber agrees to monitor AST, ALT, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
- 3. Prescriber agrees to monitor for QTc prolongation as clinically indicated

Policy Guidelines

Pre - PA Allowance

None

Prior - Approval Limits

Quantity 1,200 mg per day

Duration 12 months

Prior – Approval Renewal Limits

Same as above

Rationale

Summary

Krazati (adagrasib) is an inhibitor of the RAS GTPase family indicated for the treatment of adult patients with KRAS G12C-mutated non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and colorectal cancer (CRC). Krazati contains warnings regarding gastrointestinal adverse reactions, QTc interval prolongation, hepatotoxicity, and interstitial lung disease (ILD)/pneumonitis. The safety and effectiveness of Krazati in pediatric patients less than 18 years of age have not been established (1).

Section:	Prescription Drugs	Effective Date:	April 1, 2025
Subsection:	Antineoplastic Agents	Original Policy Date:	January 6, 2023
Subject:	Krazati	Page:	4 of 4

Prior authorization is required to ensure the safe, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective use of Krazati while maintaining optimal therapeutic outcomes.

References

- 1. Krazati [package insert]. San Diego, CA: Mirati Therapeutics, Inc.; July 2024.
- 2. NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium[®] Adagrasib 2025. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. Accessed on January 15, 2025.

Policy History	
Date	Action
January 2023	Addition to PA
March 2023	Annual review and reference update
March 2024	Annual review and reference update
July 2024	Per PI update, added indication of colorectal cancer in combination with Erbitux. Also changed quantity limit to 1,200 mg per day
September 2024	Annual review and reference update
December 2024	Annual review and reference update
March 2025	Annual review and reference update
Keywords	

This policy was approved by the FEP® Pharmacy and Medical Policy Committee on March 7, 2025 and is effective on April 1, 2025.